Integrating EMS into the Health System



Partners in Academic Medicine



Members of the SingHealth Group



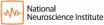


National Cancer Centre Singapore















Professor Marcus Ong

Senior Consultant and Clinician Scientist Dept of Emergency Medicine, Singapore General Hospital, Director Health Services and Systems Research (HSSR) • education Duke-NUS Medical School • research Director, Health Services Research Center (HSRC), Singhealth Services Director, Health Services Research Institute Medical Director, Unit for Prehospital Emergency Care (UPEC) Senior Consultant, Ministry of Health, Hospital Services Division

Director, Prehospital and Emergency Research Center (PERC) Duke NUS Medical Schoolatients. At the HES RT OF ALL WE DO.

Learning Objectives

- 1. Understand the role of EMS within the health system
- Use the 'Framework of Survival' as a conceptual framework to understand how EMS can impact society and outcomes
- 3. Explore the role of evidence and health services research to translate into implementation and impact
- 4. Understand the wider global health role of EMS

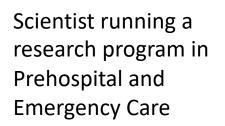






PREMIUM

Clinician Practicing at SGH Department of Emergency Medicine SGH doctor on mission to boost CPR training



Director of Health Services Research program at Duke-NUS and Singhealth

UPEC



Associate Professor Marcus Ong, 48, has pushed for more people to be trained in cardiopulmonary resuscitation, including spearheading training sessions in schools, offices, community clubs and religious organisations through the Dispatcher Assisted first Responder programme. ST PHOTO: KEVIN LIM

O PUBLISHED APR 05, 2018, 5:00 AM SGT

Providing immediate help can raise cardiac-arrest



Started Data Science research unit at Singhealth

National EMS Medical Director, Unit for Prehospital Emergency Care (UPEC)

Chairman of Pan Asian Resuscitation Outcomes Study and Past President of Asian Association for EMS



SEVENTY-SIXTH WORLD HEALTH ASSEMBLY Agenda item 13.1 WHA76.2 30 May 2023

Integrated emergency, critical and operative care for universal health coverage and protection from health emergencies¹

The Seventy-sixth World Health Assembly,

Having considered the consolidated report by the Director-General;2

Noting that emergency, critical and operative care services are an integral part of a comprehensive primary health care approach and are essential to ensure that the health needs of people are met across the life course without undue delay;

Recognizing that robust emergency, critical and operative care services are at the foundation of national health systems' ability to respond effectively to emergency events including all hazards; and to ensure the implementation of the activities required, both proactive and reactive, to minimize the danger and impact of acute public health events;

Concerned that the coronavirus disease (COVID-19) pandemic revealed pervasive gaps in capacity of emergency, critical and operative care services that resulted in significant avoidable mortality and morbidity globally;

Noting that integrated people-centred service delivery requires emergency, critical and operative care services that are linked to communities through primary care and by communication, transportation, referral and counter-referral mechanisms,³ and that these components are interdependent: capacity failures in responsiveness of the emergency, critical and operative care system may result in disrupted primary care delivery and poor outcomes, while failures in primary care and social services may lead to increased use of emergency, critical and operative care services and result in delays in the appropriate provision of life-saving care;

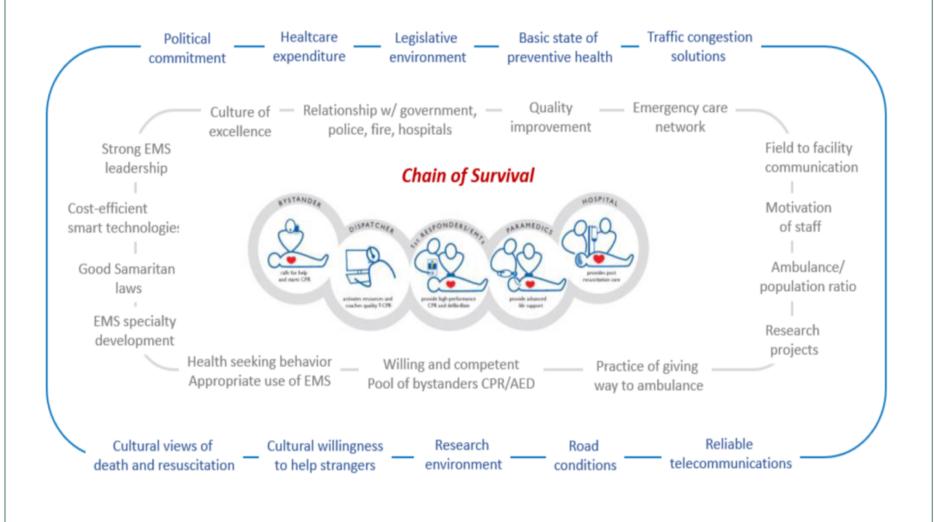


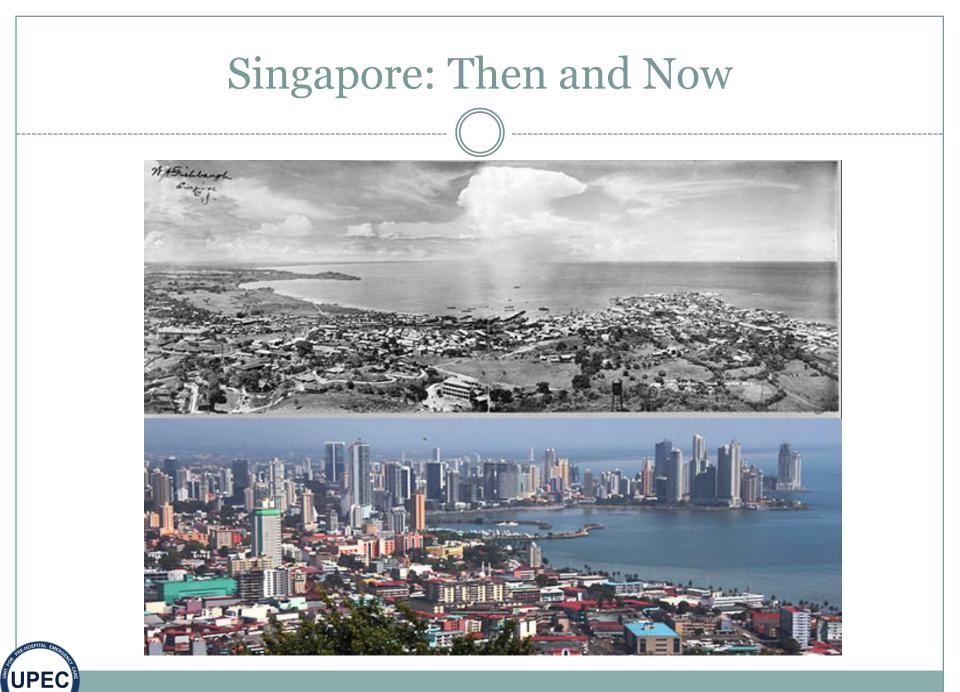
EMS is part of a system. It's about understanding and improving the system!

It takes a system to save a life!

Frame of Survival

for improving OHCA outcomes in developing EMS systems





- National Health Care Expenditure (Singapore) 4.4% of GDP in 2017
- National Health Care Expenditure (US) 17.7% of GDP in 2018

	Life expectancy ^l	IMR(/1000)"	MMR(/100,000) ^{'''}	Estimated death due to cardiac cause ^{iv} (per 100,000)*
Korea	79.05	4.16	18	71.8
Singapore	82.14	2.32	9	126.0
Taiwan	78.32	5.18	NA	NA
Japan	82.25	2.78	10	172.2
Thailand	73.6	16.38	48	128.8
Malaysia	73.79	15.02	31	112.8
Australia	81.81	4.61	8	174.5
Turkey	72.5	23.94	23	162.7
UAE	76.51	11.94	10	50.0

ⁱ The World Factbook by CIA, available in https://www.cia.gov/library/publications/the-world-factbook/rankorder/2102rank.html

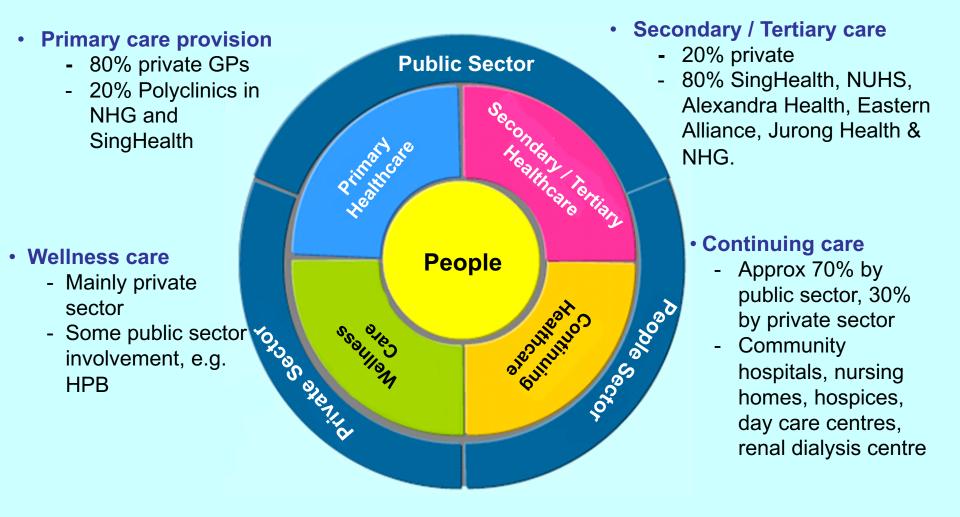
ⁱⁱ The World Factbook by CIA, available in https://www.cia.gov/library/publications/the-world-factbook/fields/2091.html

ⁱⁱⁱ Trends in maternal mortality: 1990 to 2008, World Health Organization, 2010

^{iv} Estimated deaths per 100,000 population by cause, sex and Member State, WHO, 2008

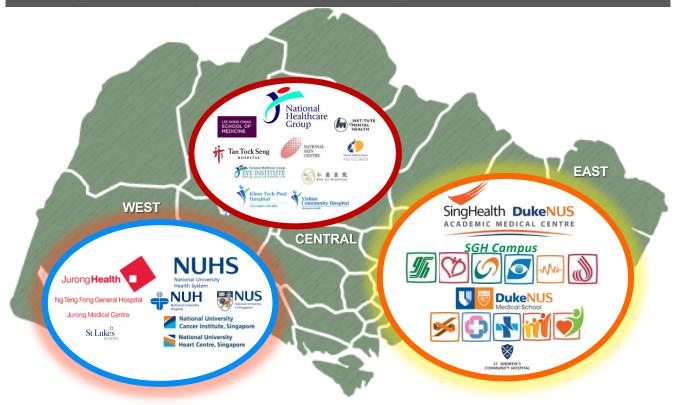
Our Public Healthcare System

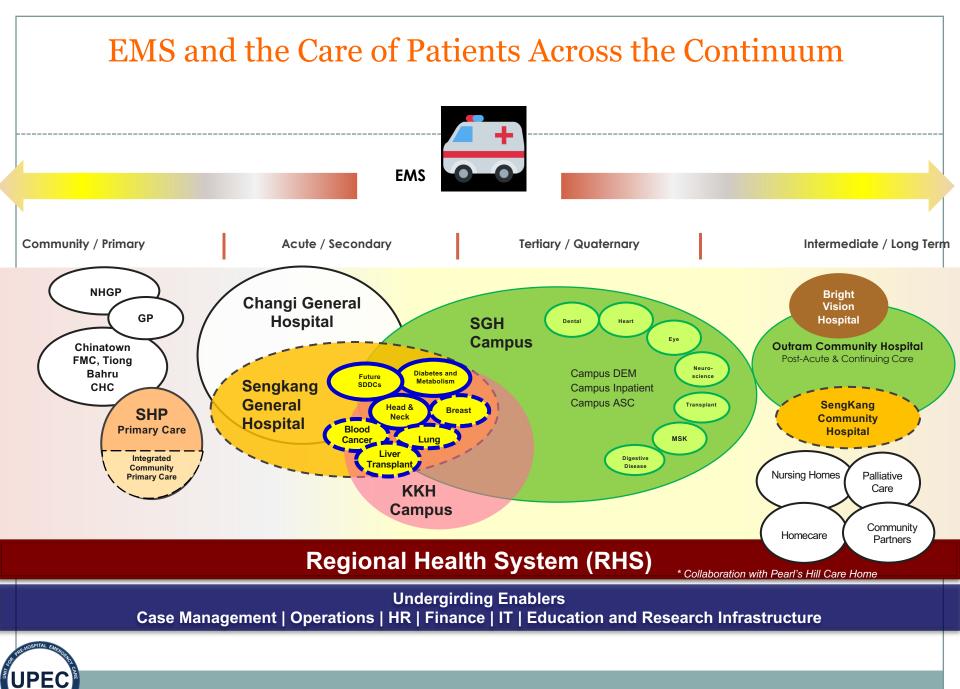
Healthcare delivery is provided by the *public, private* and *people* sectors.



Public Healthcare Delivery Network

3 Regional Health Systems including 2 Tertiary Centres of Excellence





Multi-Agencies involved in EMS

Ministry of Home Affairs	Ministry of Health WINISTRY OF HEALTH SINGAPORE Hospitals ED,	Ministry of Education Winistry of Education	Ministry of Defence MINIER SAF, SMTI and
 CDA & PAD Provision of EMS Training and continuous education for Paramedics and EMTs Community training 	 UPEC, NRC, NFAC, IAN Medical oversight Oversight of ambulances & MTS Accreditation of PEC professionals Coordinating agency (UPEC) EMT training 	 Academic training for Paramedics Continuing education for prehospital care professionals 	 Medical Centres Primary training site for EMTs and Paramedics vocational training Largest employer of Paramedics and EMTs

We have come very far!









- ◆1917: A Motor Ambulance was acquired by the Hospitals Board
- 1928: An ambulance service for accident cases was established under the Fire Brigade
- 1977: Integrated both central ambulance and trauma ambulance service into one single-tier system manned by nurses and midwives from Ministry of Health
- 1998: Singapore Civil Defence Force officially took over the emergency ambulance service with trained paramedics

Singapore EMS

- Area 719 km²
- Urban / Suburban
- Population 5.47 mil
- Multi-racial/cultural/religion
- Currently 80 Emergency
 Ambulances
- 191,468 EMS calls in 2019
- Total about <u>300</u> Active Paramedics









UPEC- Who are we?

- In 2013, the Unit for Pre-hospital Emergency Care (UPEC) was established by the Ministry Of Health Singapore, comprising EM physicians & nurses, EMS professionals and healthcare administrators, to
 - o coordinate, monitor and implement the various PEC strategies
 - provide clinical and operational oversight
 - assist in various operational PEC initiatives, such as quality audit for dispatch triage system, training and standards for PEC personnel, ambulance audits, etc.



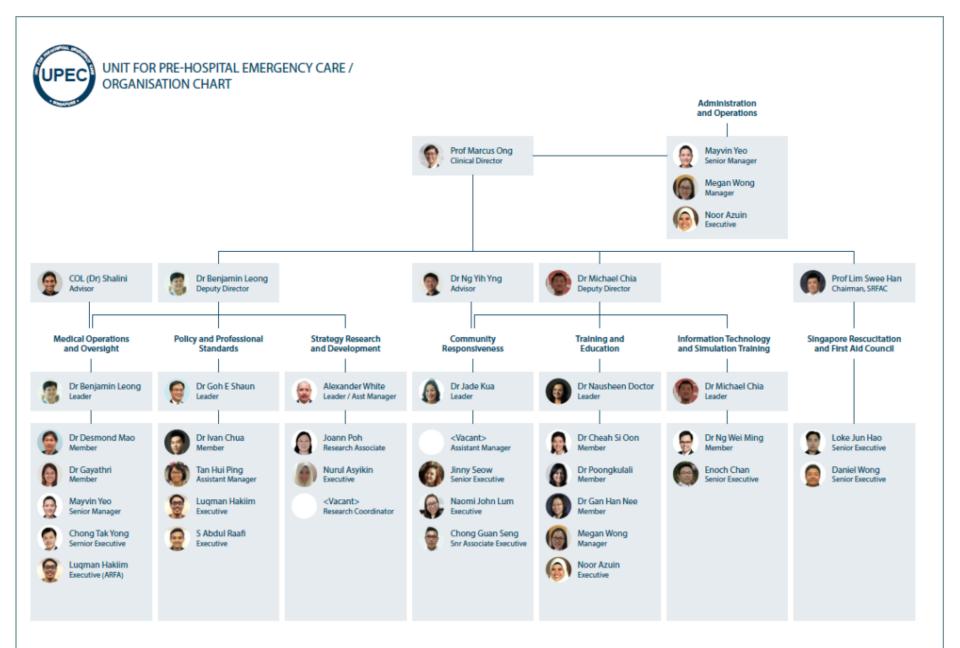
Areas of Focus

- Medical operations and oversight
- Training and Education
- Professional Standards
- Community Responsiveness
- Information Technology
- Policy, Research and Development









Singapore Healthcare Landscape

Key Challenges

- 1. Rapid Ageing of the Population
- 2. Increasing Burden of Chronic Diseases
- 3. Rising Cost of Healthcare
- 4. Limited Health Workforce and Competing Demands
- 5. Challenges from COVID-19

Stresses on Our Resources



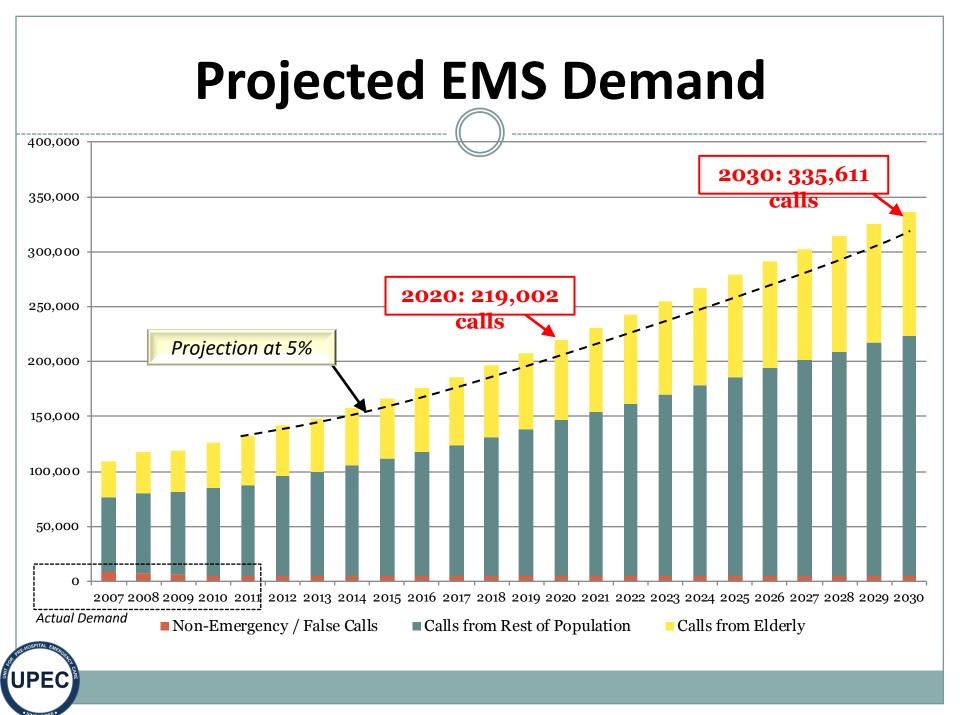
People

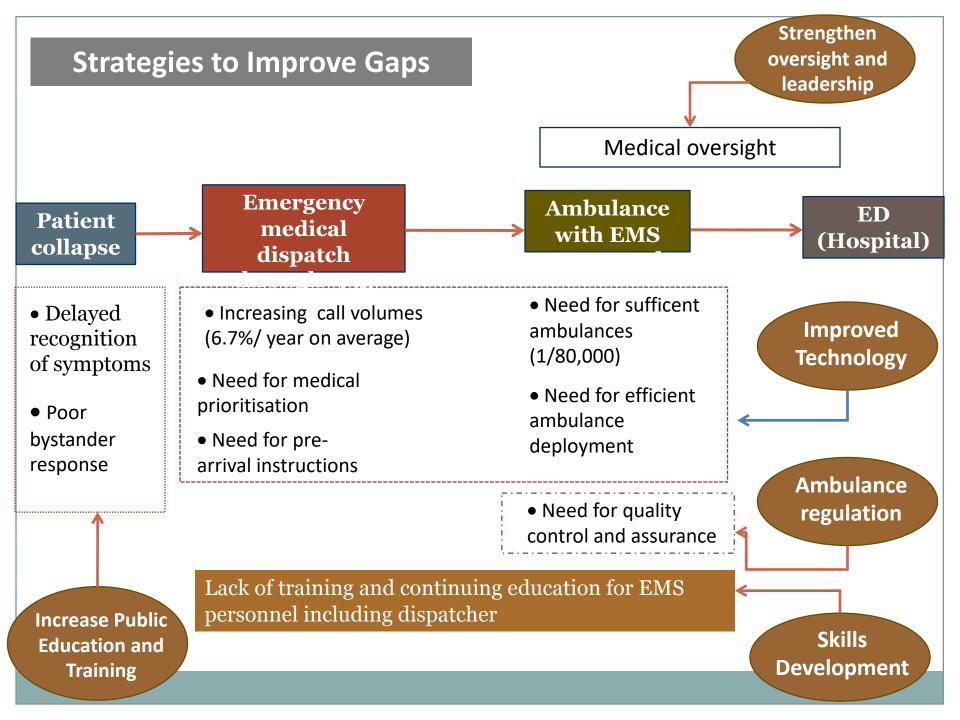


Space

Money







3 Important Shifts for the Future

Beyond Hospital to Community

So Singaporeans can receive care in the community and nearer to home

Beyond Quality to Value

To give every Singaporean the best value, whilst keeping our system sustainable

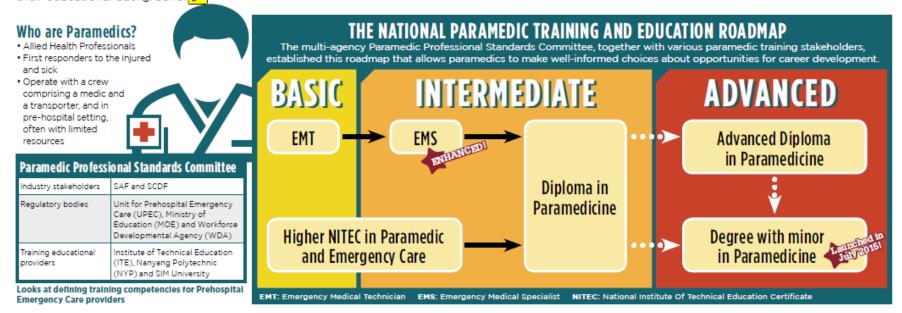
Beyond Healthcare to Health

To help and support Singaporeans to live healthier lives

Better Health • Better Care • Better Life

PARAMEDIC TRAINING & EDUCATION

The Singapore Armed Forces (SAF) works closely with the Singapore Civil Defence Force (SCDF) and the Ministry of Health (MOH) to equip both SAF and SCDF medical personnel with professional skills and knowledge relevant for peacetime training and operations. The National Paramedic Training and Education Roadmap, leverages the four thrusts of SkillsFuture¹ initiative and provides career paramedics with many pathways to success, regardless of their educational background.



Milestones of Paramedic training in Singapore

UPEC

9 2009 2008 • 1996 1998 The Defence and Home Affairs Ministries The first local SAE Paramedic ITE starts the Higher NITEC in collaborated with the Justice Institute Paramedic Paramedic and Emergency Care course of British Columbia (JIBC) to launch Matriculation gains JIBC Programm the Paramedic Training Programme in course was accreditation Singapore, SAF became the national conducted at for medic and institution responsible the School of paramedic for all Paramedic training Military Medicine (SAF) to a group of training 2012 2011 SAF and SCDF medics 1996 NYP starts the SAF and JIBC co-develop the 1998-2009 Diploma in Health Sciences SAF and SCDF sent Advanced Diploma in 7 officers and combat SAF and SCDF continued to send operational Paramedicine cours (Emergency Medical Services) medics to JIBC for paramedics to JIBC for enhanced training and Primary Care Paramedic Programme training

¹The four key thrusts of SkillsFuture are: (i) help individuals make well-informed choices in education, training and careers, (ii) develop an integrated high-quality system of education and training that responds to constantly evolving needs, (iii) promote employer recognition and career development based on skills and mastery and (iv) foster a culture that supports and celebrates lifelong learning.

Professionalisation

Oversight

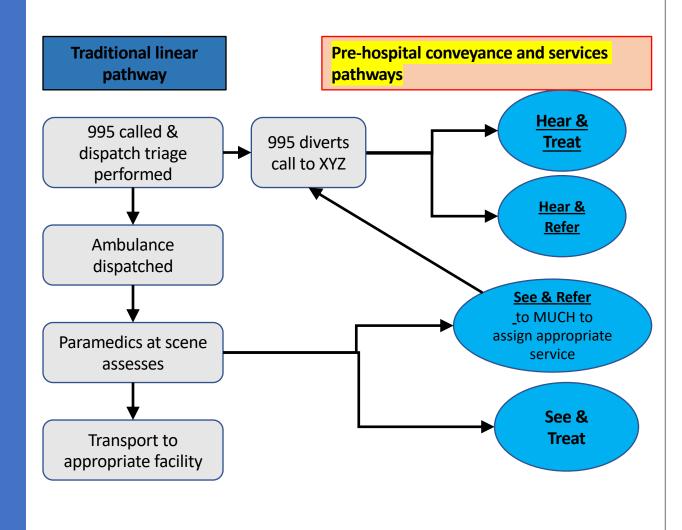
Training

We need to train the next generation of Prehospital Emergency Care professionals!

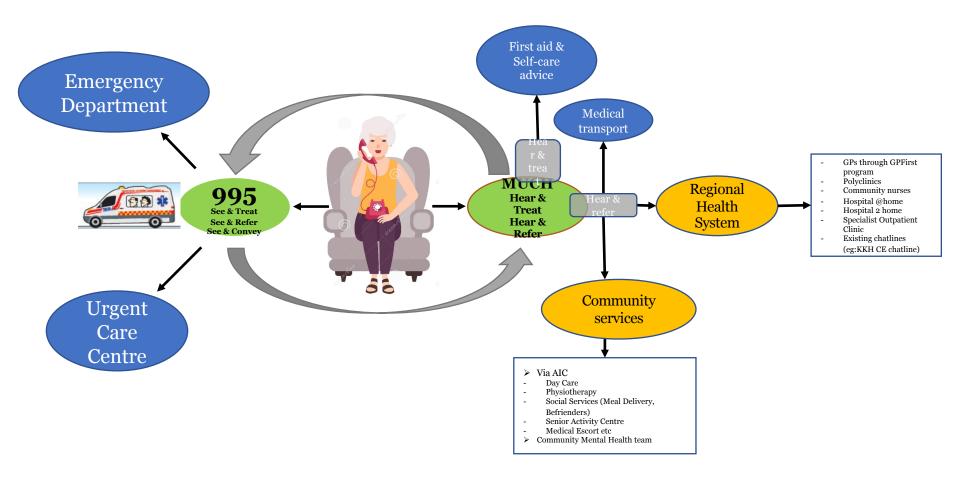


- Critical Care Paramedics
- Clinical Experts (upcoming)
- Community Paramedic Clinicians

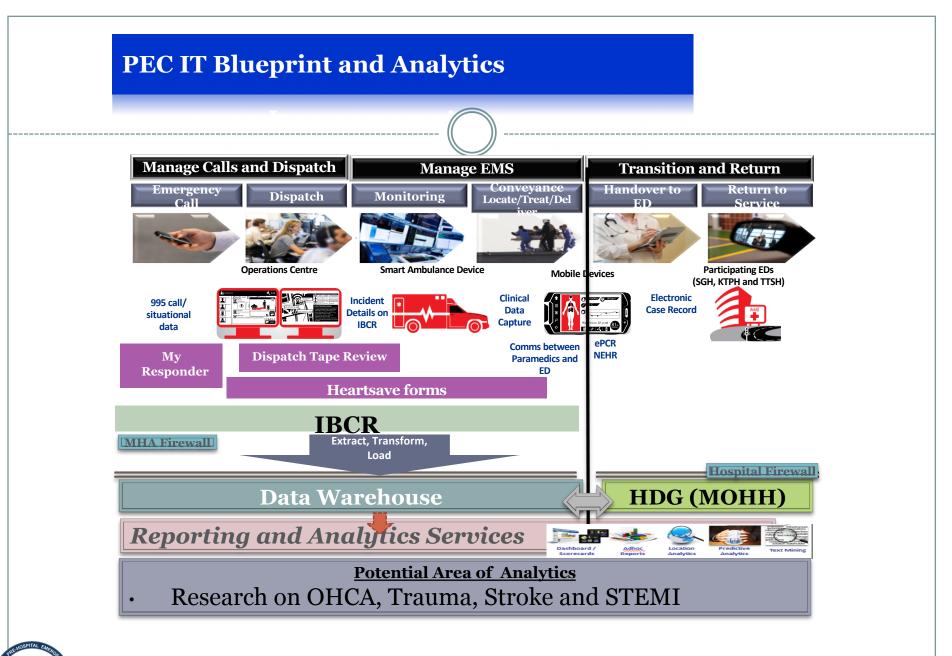
Alternative Care Service Pathways when someone calls 995



For Singapore: Medical Urgent Care Helpline (MUCH)



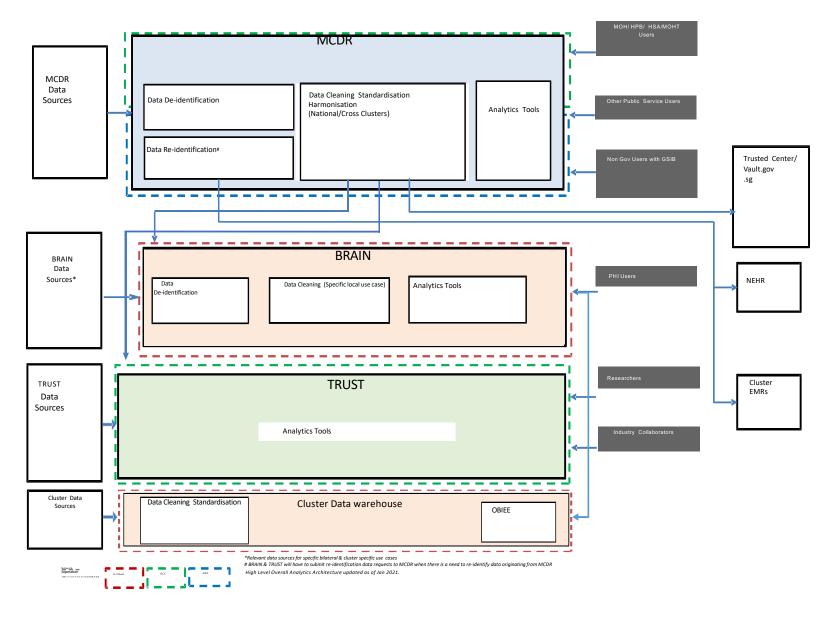
UNIT FOR PRE-HOSPITAL EMERGENCY CARE

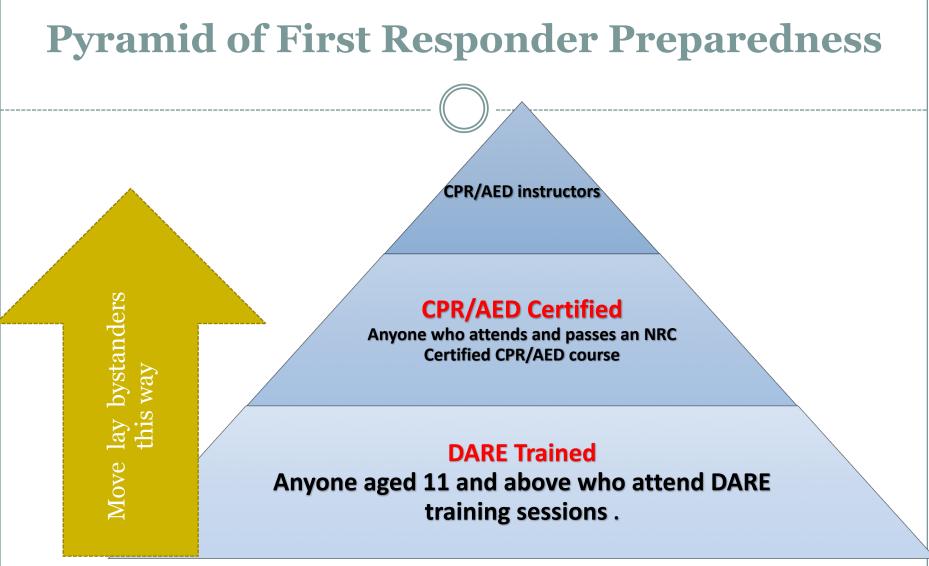


UPEC



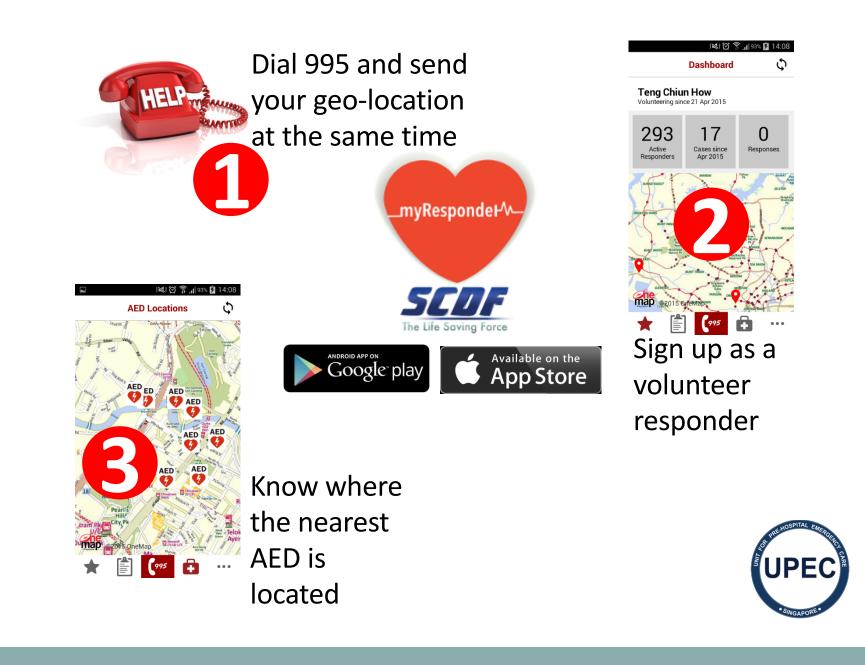
MOH Analytics Framework – High Level Overall Analytics Architecture





DARE Aware: Everyone becomes aware of what we teach in DARE through social media, traditional media, or by word of mouth.

UPEC









技**MyPaper**

>> 国人对新加坡社会看法改善

咨询公司对新加坡公民和永久居民展开调查,让他 们选最能形容新加坡社会的词汇。结果显示,与3年 前相比,国人眼中的新加坡社会较正面,是享有"教 育机会"、"和平"及"安全"的国家。本地新闻B2

» 希腊第2轮纾困投票通过

希腊国会从前晚就新纾困方案的第2轮投票进行 辩论,一直讨论到昨天凌晨,终于以大比数顺利通 过。当国会就纾困方案进行辩论时,约9000民众在 国会外聚集,反对进一步财政紧缩。世界新闻B4

韩国歌手金珠娜发行为韩剧献唱的插曲. 自爆是*金秀贤同父异母妹妹"搏版面。 间接曝光金秀贤歌手老爸金忠勋23年前 疑"偷吃"往事,被网友狠批。娱乐B12

协助更多心脏病发者 救命App使用率待提高

苏文琪

通知公众就近协助疑似心脏病 加对方的存活机会。

推出的"myResponder"应用 导下为患者进行心外按摩,或 软件,至今的下载量约2500 次。该软件可指出设有自动心 点。 脏除颤器 (AED) 最靠近的地 点,也可用于通知用户附近有

心脏病发者。 当局接获疑似心脏骤停个 案的通报后, 会立刻用软件通

通知。 过去3个月,民防部队共

UPEC

过, 仅不到5%的通知获公众 回应。45起获回应个案中,有 15起确为心脏骤停个案。

民防部队总医务官黄毅莹 发者的手机应用软件,已推出 医生上校说,即使没有接受过 超过3个月,用户使用率仍有 急救训练,公众还是可以注册 待提高,以帮助更多患者,增 为急救员。接获通知时,他们 可帮忙取来最靠近的自动心脏 民防部队于今年4月17日 除颜器,或在民防接线员的指 协助指引救护人员到事发地 他说:"心脏骤停的情况

下,每一秒都非常重要,有人 及时介入帮忙,将增加患者的 存活机会。" 另外,软件现虽以处理心

知在事发地点400公尺内的用 脏骤停个案为主,用户仍可借 户。只有已注册为"社区急救 由软件通知民防部队其他紧急 员"的700多名用户才会接到 事故,当局会通过定位技术得 知遥报者的位置。 目前获回应个案中,未有

发出约1000则急救通知,当 心脏骤停者成功存活,但获援 中六成确为心脏骤停个案。不 助的其他患者都从中受益。



邻里主动应急计划志愿者影秀翠(左)和拉詹在接获"myResponder"应用软件的通知后,能赶在 救护车之前到场,及时为患者提供援助。(周柏荣摄)

3 ♥ ∅ ⇆ ╦ ╢ 100% ∎ 12:25 Ŷ 0 Dashboard You are in DRIVING mode CTIVE RESPONSES RESPONDERS TO CASES 1013 228 443 464 CASES IN SEP 108 JUN JUL AUG BARAT PULAU UNGEI KADUT SELETAR HOUGAN SERANGOOM Jurong JURONG EAS map @2015 OneMan 995 Ò UPEC

SINGAPORE

Automated External Defibrillators installed on 100 SMRT taxis

The initiative is part of a three-year pilot programme called SMRT-Temasek Cares AED on Wheels, which aims to increase the availability of AEDs within the community.

POSTED: 27 Nov 2015 21:43 UPDATED: 27 Nov 2015 23:59

VIDEOS PHOTOS



SMRT taxi driver Simon Ngiam Shu Leng with the AED which will be installed in his taxi. (Photo: SMRT)

Public Housing AED Program: 70% of cardiac arrest cases occur in the 10,000 public housing estates!



Dispatcher-Assisted First Responder Programme (DARE)







HOME B8

LEARN CPR? THEY'RE ALL EARS

to save lives.

Pupils at St Anthony's Primary School proved just that vesterday when they learnt how to administer

You are never too young to learn how | cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) and use an automated external defibrillator. About 2,300 students have attended this life-saving programme so far.





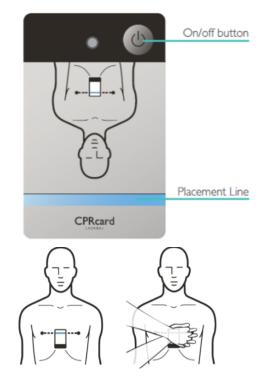
5-YEAR NATIONAL COMMUNITY EMERGENCY AND RESILIENCE (NCER) ROADMAP

Projects	Publicity & Awareness / Education	Training	Community Responsiveness	Technology	Research & Data Analytics	Policy & Legislation
Project 1	Awareness Engagement – Storytelling at National Library Board (Partner: National Library Board) • Kick-started 2 sessions in Dec 2021 • To continue conducting storytelling sessions at NLB	DARE training for NSmen during In- Camp Training (Partner: SAF) Spoken to SAF. SAF has agreed to explore the feasibility. Will follow up with SAF to conduct a few good training & subsequently seek SAF's buy-in on TTT model.	& Resources Optimize the number of AEDs to cover whole Singapore (Partner: SCDF) The guidelines for optimal AED placement in Singapore, is currently being finalized. Thereafter, it will be shared with the stakeholders.	Increase Social Media presence (Tik Tok & Linkedin) – To raise awareness on DARE & CPR AED Tik-Tok to engage the younger population while using Linkedin to reach out to the corporate community.	Conduct census-related surveys : Proportion of Singapore population trained in CPR+AED/First Aid (HPB) UPEC has provided CPR/AED questions to HPB through MOH, for inclusion in National Population Health survey 2021. Results have not been shared.	Good Samaritan law One of the reasons that bystanders are not willing to perform CPR on a stranger, is the fear of being sued for inadvertently causing death or injuries. To propose introducing Good Samaritan Legislation in Singapore.
Project 2	Cardiac Arrest Survivors & Supporters Club (Partner: SHF & SCDF) Aims to provide information, care and support to cardiac arrest survivors, their caregivers & families as well as volunteers responders. It will also comprise advocates and community activists of cardiac arrest support. SHF has agreed to partner while SCDF is still considering. This club is envisioned to sit under and supported administratively by SHF, with steering committee led by lay persons and advised by experts from the stakeholders.	 Provision of DARE Training to post-secondary schools and Institutes of Higher Learning (Partners: MOE, IHLS) (i) DARE moved a notch higher with MOE's introduction of CPR/AED refresher for Sec 3. Thus, MOE rejected proposal to train post-secondary in DARE, e.g. JCS. (ii) HILS have autonomy to decide on program & curriculum. Polys cited issues of not having enough qualified people to conduct DARE. (iii) NUS & SUSS will be organizing DARE TTT for their students. 			National Registry of Electronic Certificates for Life-saving courses (Partner: SRFAC) To centrally issue certificates of life-saving courses, via national digital platform, Singpass Facilitate tracking of the status of certificates Allow tracking of the number of people who have been trained/certified in Singapore SRFAC will be proposing specifications and parameters to GovTech for further discussion.	Forming a Workgroup that is made up of the stakeholders of NCER Roadmap and to meet regularly for coordination, progress update and discussion on issues. (Partner: MINDEF, MHA, MOH, MOE, SHF, SCDF, SRFAC) To seek endorsement from DS
Project 3	CPR Race at Singapore Science Centre for visitors (Partner – Singapore Science Centre) There will be a CPR Race station at Science Centre from 08 to 10 Apr 2022. If it works out well, we will find opportunity to conduct such activities at Science Centre for the visitors.	To train NIE students in DARE TTT (Partners: NIE, MOE) UPEC's DARE Training Team will be having a meeting with NIE's Associate Dean on 22 Mar 2022 to discuss further on this initiative.				
Project 4	Events – School competition in CPR & AED (Partner: MOE & SHF) SHF and MOE have agreed to partner UPEC for this project. Students will be tested on their knowledge of CPR & AED/cardiac arrest and CPR & AED practical skills.	Revamping of annual fire drills to incorporate medical emergency basics, such as CPR & AED (Partner: SCDF) SCDF will keep in view UPEC's proposal for SCDF to engage building managers to organize life-saving courses and promote myResponder app when arranging fire drills as there are no fire drills currently.			Legend: Green Box: To be actively handled by UPEC Light Blue Box : Farming out to partners Black Font colour : With progress White Font colour : Have not yet kick-started	
Project 5	Enhancing DARE program with optional add-on component - Child & Infant CPR & AED Awareness Re-purposing contents for Child & Infant CPR/AED				Please refer to appendices in slic details of the 5-year NCER Roadr	

UNIT FOR PRE-HOSPITAL EMERGENCY CARE

The CPRcardTM

- Personal credit card size device
- Assists with land-marking
- Provides visual rate and depth range of compressions
- Collects data re: quality of chest compressions











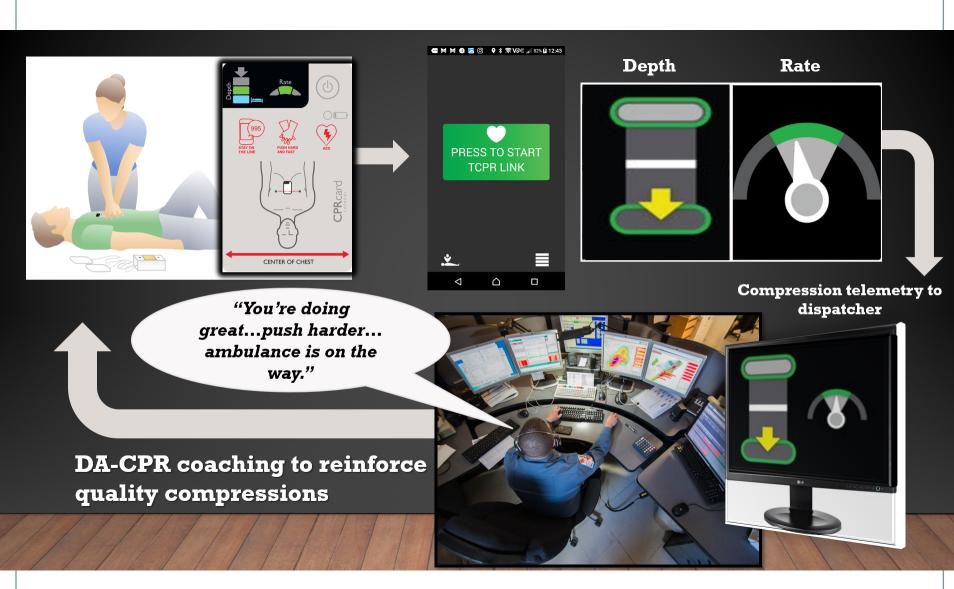




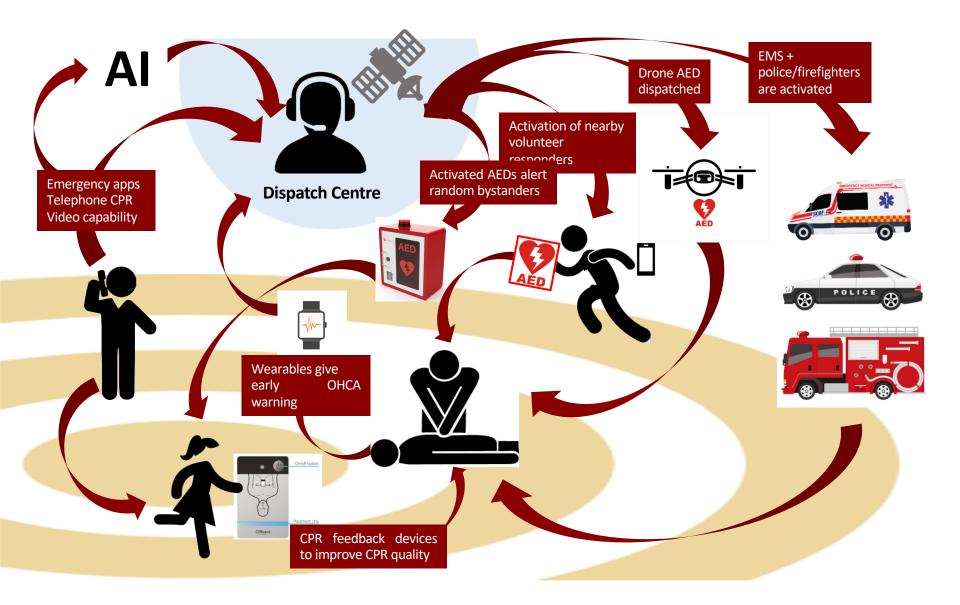
- Next gen defibs
 - Rebirth of the home AED?
 - Miniaturization
 - Improved affordability
 - IoT connectivity

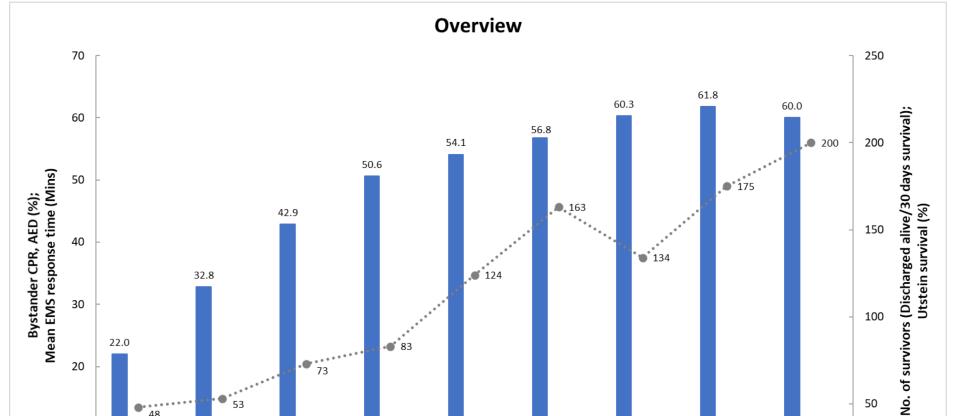












50

0

26.2

2019

—▲— Utstein survival (%)

25.9

2018

21.0

2017

••••••• No of survivors



21.2

2015

Mean EMS response time (mins)

23.1

2016

53

13.4

sir

2012

15.2

*

2013

Bystander AED

15.3

2014

48

11.6 8.

2011

Bystander CPR

10

0



Pre-hospital & Emergency Research Centre

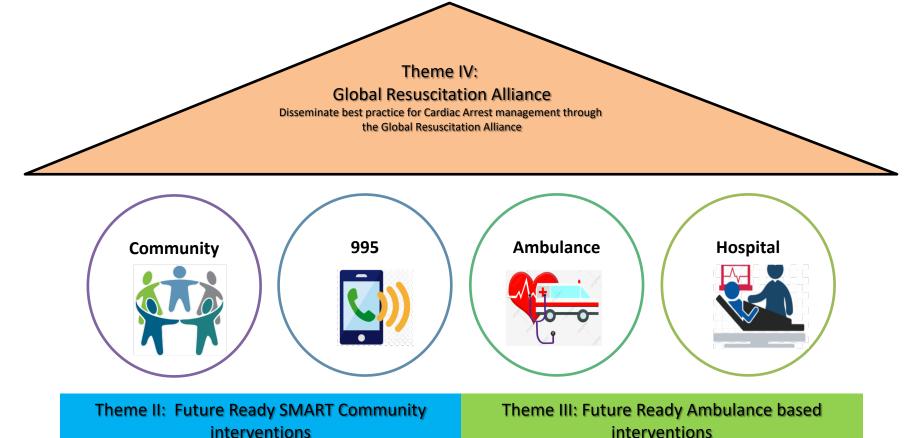
Pre-Hospital and Emergency Research Center (PERC)

To be a centre of excellence in pre-hospital care and emergency medicine, while improving lives through emergency medical services research.



Prof Marcus ONG





Develop and Implement Future Ready SMART Community interventions to improve the quality of CPR (increase optimal compressions (rate/depth) by20%)

interventions

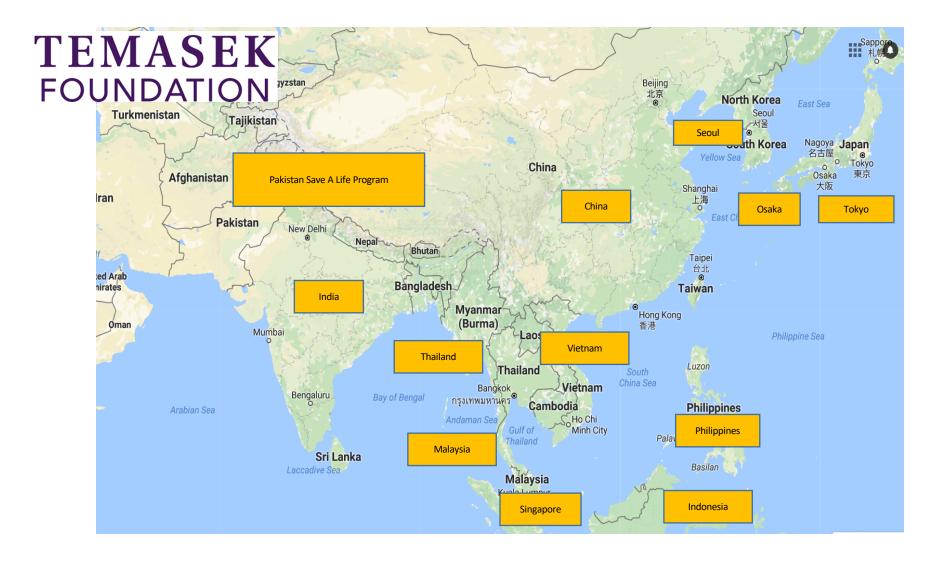
Increase number of neurologically intact survivors by 20% through a bundle of Future Ready Ambulance based interventions

Theme I: Data Science and AI Driven Clinical Policies

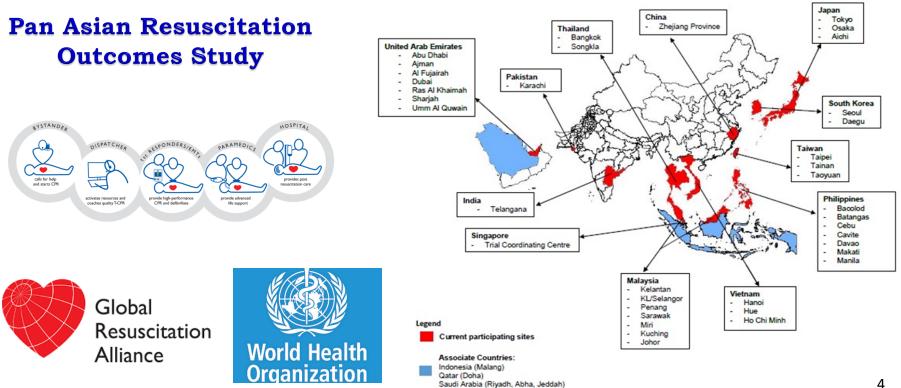
Build a Data Science Platform to support AI Driven Clinical Policies

Future-Ready Interventions for Survival after Cardiac Arrest (FRISCA): From Quantity to Quality Survivorship

Global Health Programs: Resuscitation Academy Asia



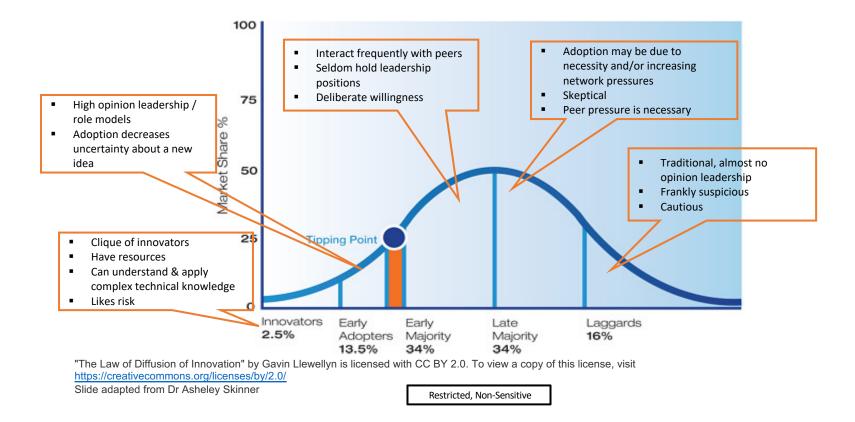
PAROS/GRA : Development of an Assessment tool for Developing Pre-Hospital Emergency Care systems in collaboration with the GRA



4 6



How does change occur: Innovation adoption curve



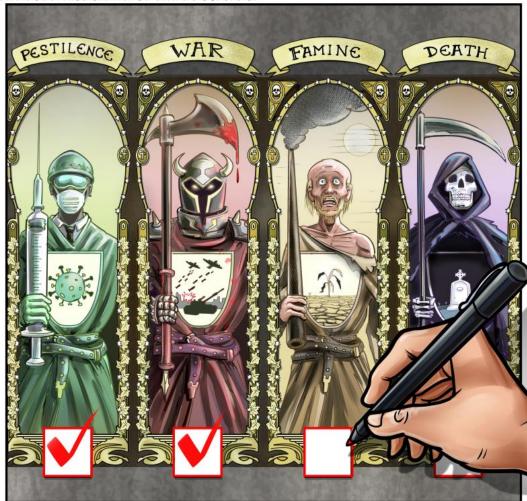






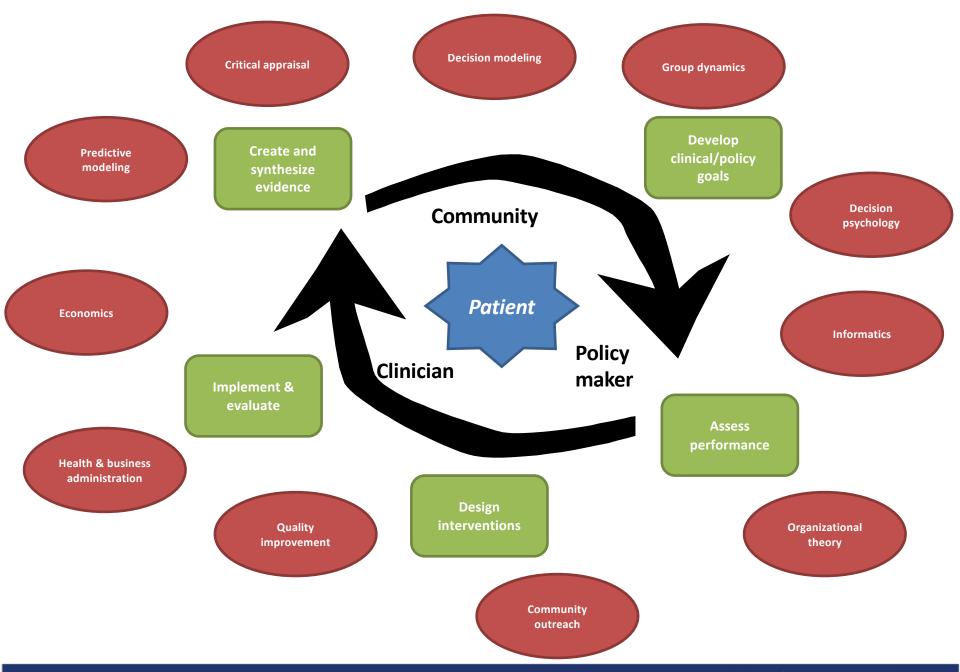
Global Healthcare Landscape

THE FOUR HORSEMEN OF THE APOCALYPSE



Pandemics Drugs Trauma Mental health

Inequities Climate change Disasters Aging Tsunami Non-communicable disease Infant mortality



Let's save lives together!



UPEC

Research/Data should drive/impact policy!

Pre-hospital Emergency Care

5 Year Plan (2009 – 2014) 5 Year Plan (2018 – 2022)

Next 5-Year Plan for Pre-hospital Emergency Care 2023 - 2027